

about

Felix Fechenbach

In 1987 the vocational school of the county Lippe in Detmold was named Felix-Fechenbach-Schule; on August 1st, 1998, due to a change in the school system, it was the name was changed to **Felix-Fechenbach-Berufsskolleg**.

Felix Fechenbach who worked in Detmold as a journalist was a social democrat and determined fighter against the upcoming Nazi-movement. In 1933 he was assassinated by the Nazis.

relevant Literature:

Schueler, Hermann: "Auf der Flucht erschossen - Felix Fechenbach 1894 - 1933", Ullstein Verlag

Curriculum-Vitae of Felix Fechenbach

Jan. 28th, 1894	born in Mergentheim
1894 – 1910	Childhood, school-years and business training in Würzburg
1911	worked in Frankfurt; fired from the job because of taking part in a strike
1912 - 1914	worked as worker-secretary in München; active in the youth-section of the Social-Democratic-Party (SPD)
1914 - 1915	served in WW-I; wounded on the west-front
1915 - 1918	promoted to Sergeant; active again in political work and participation in the January-Strikes
1918 - 1922	Assistant of Kurt Eisner in der Bavarian Revolution; editor for different national and international papers; sentenced for "national treachery"
1922 - 1924	locked up in the jail in Ebrach; early release from prison due to the public pressure against the verdict
1924 - 1929	Editor at the Dietz-Verlag in Berlin, reports for the "Vorwärts" and support of the "Kinderfreunde-Bewegung" (Friends of the Children-Movement)
1929 - 1933	Editor at the Detmolder "Volksblatt" and active opponent of the National-Socialist (the Nazi party); arrest and in preventive custody; Letters to his wife Irma; essays and poems
Aug 8th, 1933	On the transport from Detmold to Warburg "shot at attempt to escape", buried on the Jewish cemetery in Rimbeck

"Biography about Felix Fechenbach" edited by Friedrich Blanke